

Assignment #4 – Due Monday 9/26

1. Given the following three sets that are all subsets of universal set $U = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ find all of the following.

$$A = \{4, 8\}$$

$$B = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$$

$$C = \{x \mid 3 \leq x < 9\}$$

$$A \cup B =$$

$$A \cap C =$$

$$B - C =$$

$$C' =$$

$$(A' \cup B) - C =$$

$$A \times C =$$

2. Let A , B , and C be sets. Using basic identities concerning sets prove that

$$(A \cup (A' \cap B))' = A' \cap B'$$

3. Let A , B , and C be sets. Prove that

$$A \times (B \cup C) = (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$$

by showing that $A \times (B \cup C) \subseteq (A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$ and also that $(A \times B) \cup (A \times C) \subseteq A \times (B \cup C)$.

4. Let A and B be sets such that $A \subseteq B$. Prove that $\mathcal{P}(A) \subseteq \mathcal{P}(B)$.

5. Let A and B be sets. Prove that $(B - A) \cup A = B$ if and only $A \subseteq B$ by proving that each of the following statements is true.

$$(B - A) \cup A = B \text{ implies that } A \subseteq B$$

$$A \subseteq B \text{ implies that } (B - A) \cup A = B$$