

Section P4 Rational Exponents.

A rational number is a fraction of two integers $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{-5}{2}$, $2 = \frac{2}{1}$, $0 = \frac{0}{1}$, ... etc.

Some non-rational real numbers are $\sqrt{2}$, π , $\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ ↑ golden ratio

Definitions

$\sqrt{a} = b$ means that b is a positive real number such that $b^2 = a$.

$\sqrt[n]{a} = b$ when n is even means that b is a positive real number such that $b^n = a$.

$\sqrt[n]{a} = b$ when n is odd means that b is a real number such that $b^n = a$.

examples

* $\sqrt[4]{16} = 2$ even though $(-2)^4 = 2^4 = 16$. The fact that 4 is even implies $\sqrt[4]{16}$ is positive.

* $\sqrt{(-3)^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3$

* $\sqrt{x^2} = |x|$

* $\sqrt[3]{-125} = -5$

* $\sqrt{-1}$ is not a "real" number. It's called an "imaginary" number.

* $\sqrt[4]{-1}$ is also "imaginary".

Definition $a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a}$ e.g. $a^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{a}$, $a^{\frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{a}$,
..... etc

Now by consequence of this definition

$$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \left(a^{\frac{1}{n}}\right)^m = \left(\sqrt[n]{a}\right)^m$$

$$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \overset{\text{or}}{(a^m)^{\frac{1}{n}}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$$

Now, all of the same identities from Sec P3 are still true when n is a rational number.

$$\textcircled{1} (ab)^n = a^n b^n$$

$$\textcircled{2} \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{1}{a^n} = a^{-n} \quad \text{and} \quad a^n = \frac{1}{a^{-n}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} a^m a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$\textcircled{5} a^n a = a^{n+1}$$

$$\textcircled{6} (a^m)^n = a^{mn}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^{-n} = \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^n$$

Some exercises from the syllabus

Simplify the expressions

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a) $X^{\frac{3}{4}} X^{\frac{5}{4}} = X^{\frac{8}{4}} = X^2$

b) $Y^{\frac{2}{3}} Y^{\frac{4}{3}} = Y^{\frac{6}{3}} = Y^2$

61 a) $\frac{w^{\frac{4}{3}} w^{\frac{2}{3}}}{w^{\frac{1}{3}}} = w^{\frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3}} = w^{\frac{5}{3}}$

b) $\frac{a^{\frac{5}{4}} (2a^{\frac{3}{4}})^3}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{a^{\frac{5}{4}} 2^3 (a^{\frac{3}{4}})^3}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{8a^{\frac{5}{4}} a^{\frac{9}{4}}}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{8a^{\frac{13}{4}}}{a^{\frac{1}{4}}}$
 $= 8a^{\frac{12}{4}} = 8a^3$